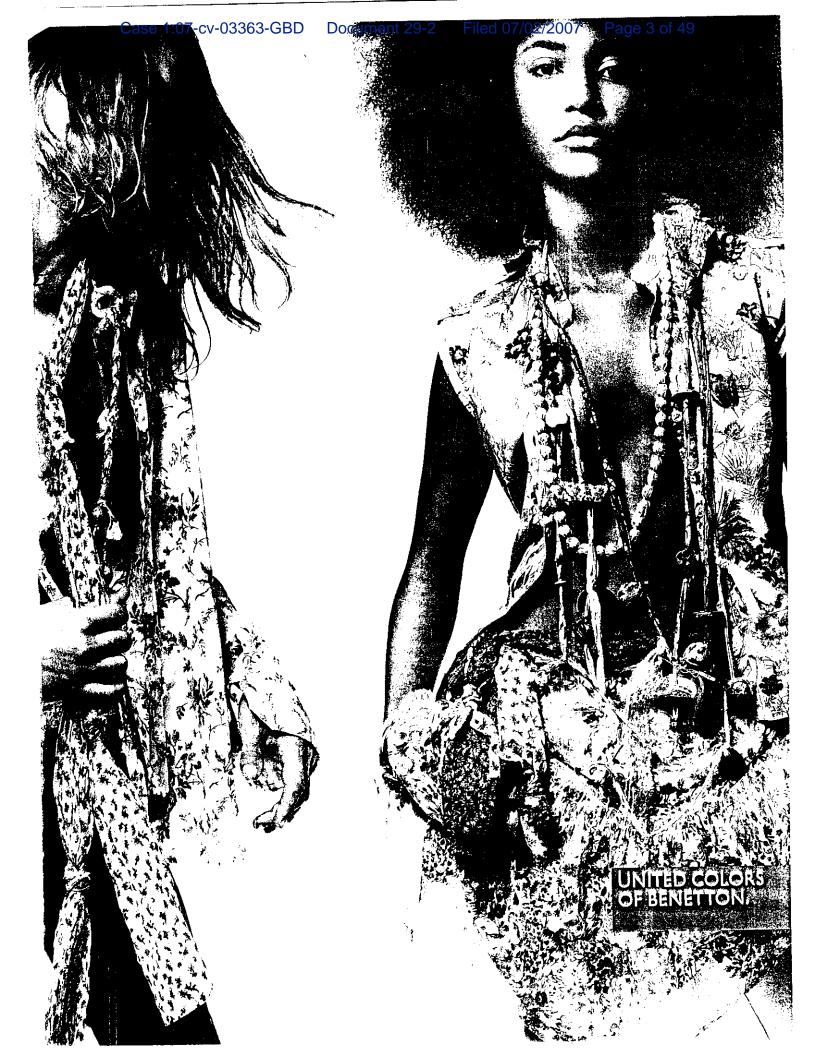
# EXHIBIT "A"

Case 1:07-cv-03363-GBD Document 29-2 File<u>d 07/02</u>/2007 Page 2 of 49 A STYLE FOR EVERY STORY" JORDAN RICHARDSON WEARS THE ORIGINAL LEVI'S® SKINNY KNEE KNOCKER SEARS AND SEARS.COM Levi.com



SHAPE

FORMULATED FROM FRIZZY TO SMOOTH, DRY TO SILKY.

WITH WITH NEW VIVE PRO SMOOTH INTENSE

**BREAKTHROUGH** 

BY L'ORÉAL PARIS.

HUMIDITY-IT'S NOT MAGIC. IT'S SCIENCE. VIVE PRO'S DUAL-ACTION TECHNOLOGY

CONTROLLING

TRANSFORMS HAIR'S SHAPE AND TEXTURE.

**BUFFERS AND** 

TO LOCK MOISTURE IN AND KEEP HUMIDITY OUT.

**NUTRILEUM TO** 

THE SHAPE- SUPER SMOOTH.

MOISTURIZE WHILE

THE TEXTURE- SLEEK. FRIZZ-FREE.

**SMOOTHING** 

IT'S THE END OF DRY, FRIZZY HAIR.

YOUR HAIR.

BECAUSE YOU'RE WORTH IT"

**TEXTURE** 

L'ORÉAL PARIS

# EXHIBIT "B"

Filed 07/02/2

## V MODEL MANAGEMENT NEW YORK, INC.

#### MODEL MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

20 to 1/2 200 5 by and	
AGREEMENT made as of the 22 day of 200 5 by and between V MODELS MANAGEMENT, INC., 113 Broadway, Suite 1201, New York	
TACODET & MANAGEMENT, INC. 1133 Broadway, Suite 1201, New YORK	
NY 10010 ("Manager"), and Lordan-Annettee Jazzmu Richardson ("Model").	·M
NY 10010 ("Manager"), and Jok dan Hill I I I	
To a land and a company ("Model").	

#### WITNESSETH:

Lana Can

me many model

IN CONSIDERATION of the sum of One Dollar (\$1.00), each to the other paid in hand and the matual covenants and promises herein contained, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. Model hereby angages the services of Manager as Model's sole and exclusive manager, representative and advisor throughout the world with respect to Model's profitmional Curier, triests, services and business affairs in the flation, modeling and professional career, turness, and an outside account and another second and agrees industries ("Career"). Manager hereby accepts such engagement, and agrees to counsel, counter and selvine Model in the guidence of Model's career and activities; to use reasonable efforts to arrange for, exploit and commercialize Model's name, talent mili libilities in connection therewith; supervise, negotiate and arrange the terms of any and all office of employment or contracts for services of any untere structurer. Manager agrees to render advice and essistance with respect to the development and improvement of Model's Cureer and all business interest related therato

 (A) Manager shall not act an an agent for the purpose of obtaining my engagements or contracts or offers thereof on behalf of Model and is not in any way. required to do to. Model shall promptly refer to Manager all offers, communications or retuints for Model's appearances or services.

(B) Manager shall not be required to render survives exclusively to Model, and shall, at all times, be thee to perform the same or similar services for others, as well as engage in any and all other business activities.

3. The term of this Agreement (the "Torm") shall consist of an initial period plue any and all option periods. The initial period of this Agreement shall be two (2) years conting on the date first above written and ending on 10c. 122, 200 7 (the Initial Period"). The Texas shall be automatically extended for additional periods of two (2) years each (collectively, "Option Periods"), unless Manager notifies Model, in writing, that it wishes to torminate this Agreement at any time ballow the expiration of the Torm. In the event Manager gives Model notice of termination, this Agreement shell terminate thirty (30) days from the date of such sorice, unless the notice states otherwise.

any assignments after 22 April Old Contract Contract

Manager's obligation to continue to pay Model its fees hereinder, if any, shall survive termination of this Agreement.

- (A) As compensation for Manager's services herounder, Model shall pay Manager sums equal to twenty percent (20%) of all "gross receipts" ("Fee") as bereinafter defined, off the top, from all sources paid or accrued to, or earned or received by Model or on Model's behalf or for Model's benefit, directly or indirectly, during the Term of this Agreement, and thereafter: (i) for any employment, engagement, commitment or contract in existence on the date hereof or negotiated for or entered into during the Term, and any renewal, extension, modification, amendment thereof or addition thereto, including a new agreement for an additional term with the same or related parties; (ii) any employment, engagement, commitment or contract substituted for or replacing, directly or indirectly, employments, empagaments, commitments or contracts currently in existence or negotiated for or entered into during the Term and any renewal, extension, modification, amendment thereof or addition thereto, including a new agreement for an additional term with the same or related parties; and, (iii) any and all judgments, awards, scattlements, payments, danuages and proceeds relating to any suits, claims, actions or proceedings arising out of the alleged breach of non-performance by others of any of the contracts, engagements, commitments or other agreements referred to herein. Expiration or termination of this Agreement shall not affect Manager's rights to compensation as herein provided.
- (B) Manager's full participation in Model's gross receipts from contracts / agreements entered into or substantially negotiated during the Term hereof shall continue for as long as gross receipts are payable to Model per the terms of said contracts / agreements, and any renownla, entensions, re-negotiations, modifications, or amendments thereof.
- (C) The term "gross receipts" as used herein shall be deemed to include all forms of income payments, consideration and compensation including but not limited to advances, carnings, fees, royalties, bounces and income in kind, regardless of by whom procured, secured or arranged, however, within the scope of Model's Cureer and professional activities hereunder. The term Model's "professional activities" shall include without limitation, any use of Model's talents and activities throughout the fashion, modeling and concrtainment industries.
- (D) Model understands that Manager is entitled to receive from some or all of the clients who may stilize Model's services a service charge, agency fee or other compensation ("Cliest Fee") over and above the Fee Manager receives from Model, and Model acknowledges that that such compensation is an additional inducement for Manager to act on Model's behalf and an important element in the compensation Manager receives from representing Model. In the event that Model accepts a booking for which his/her fee includes the Client Pee, Model agrees that Manager has the right to deduct such Client Fee from Model's gross compensation paid by the client in addition to Manager's Fee. Manager's Fee and Client Fee extend to any booking or engagement performed by Model subsequent to the termination of this Agreement if such booking or



engagement was negotiated, solicited or accepted by Model prior to such termination or is a continuation or work which began prior to termination, including renewals, options and renegotiated contracts.

- 5. (A) Gross receipts shall be sent to Manager. Model shall cause all contracts and agreements with third parties concerning Model's professional activities to provide for Model's componentice under those contracts and agreements to be paid directly to Manager. Upon Manager's receipt of gross seccipts, Manager shall deduct from such gross receipts: (i) any and all fibes, costs, and expenses advanced or incurred by Manager on Model's behalf, including any and all expenses advanced or incurred by Manager on Model's behelf before and ofter execution of this Agreement, and, (ii) all companies or consideration due Manager heresaist. Manager shell remit the belance of gross receipts, if any, to Model so later then ten (10) calendar days after receipt of gross receipts by Manager.
- (B) In the event that gross receipts are sent to Model, Model shall promptly notify Manager of its receipt of some. In this event, Model shall promptly, and in no event later than five (5) calendar days after receipt thereof send the entire gross receipts proceeds to Manager for allocation and distribution as per Per. 5(A), above.
- Model shall, notwithstending snything elsewhere contained howin, reignburge Manager for any and all coats or expenses Manager may facut, or my mouses Man may advance in connection with Modal's Carour and profiberional activities hoross aling but not limited to photographs, clothing and accussories, any and all equ advertising, publicity or promotion costs, long-distance telephone calls, travel and transportation expanses, minimistration, switting flee, and any and all other costs incurred by Manager, from any and all monies serned by Medel herometer, and, if no multicient to cover monics are surned by Model berusader or musics earned are is Manager's expenses, Meidel shall nevertheless reimburse Manager within six (6) mouths of Manager's incurring any particular expones. Manager may, but shall not be obligated age to collect amounts due to Model from clients, but if to, commence legal procession m, commence segme processings as convex associated with such proceedings.
- 7. Model grants to Messager during the Term the nonencharive right to use and publish and to permit others to wer and publish Model's professional sense, libraress and biographical material concurning Model, for advertising and purposes of trade met otherwise without limitation in connection with the furtherance of Model's Carner and professional activities. Manager shall have the right to advertise the fact that Missa represents Model in connection with Model's activities hersunder. Muniger shall have the right, within Manager's sole discretion, to publish Model's seeps, likewes, image, biographical information and statistics on its website for as long as Model in represented by Manager.
- (A) Model westeres and represents that Model: (i) has the full right, power and authority to enter into this agreement and to grant to Manager the rights greated by (ii) is under no obligation or disability or probabilition which will or might prevent Model

from keeping or performing Model's covenants, promises, representations and warranties contained herein; (iii) will not, during the Term, cuter into any agreement or commitment which shall or might in any manner interfere with or prevent Model's carrying out the terms and conditions of this Agreement, and, (iv) will not, during the Term, engage any other person, firm or corporation to act as Model's personal manager or in say similar capacity.

- (B) Model shall indemnify and hold Manager harmless from any loss, liability or damage (including reasonable attorney's fees) arising out of or connected with any claim by a third party which is inconsistent with any of the warranties, representations, covenants or promises made by Model hereunder. Model will reimburge Manager on demand for any payment made by Massager at any time in respect of any liability or claim to which the foregoing indemnity relates.
- 9. Model hereby authorizes and appoints Manager to be Model's agent and attorney-infact for the purpose of (a) negotisting, reacquisting, contracting and executing for Model and in Model's name and on Model's behalf and any and all agreements, documents, and instruments providing for Model's survices to clients pursuent hereto; (b) approving and permitting the use of Model's name, image, voice, caricatures and the like for the purposes of adventising and publicity; (c) collecting and receiving same payable to Model, endorsing Model's same upon and depositing in Manager's account all checks payable to Model, and retaining therefrom all some owing to Manager; and, (d) demanding, saing for and collecting, all claims, money, interest and other items that may be due Model or belong to Model.
- 10. Manager shall have the right to assign this Agreement and any of Manager's rights herwarder without limitation. Manager shall have the right to delegate the performance of Manager's obligations hereunder without Emitation. Model shall not have the right to assign this Agreement or delegate any of Model's obligations hereunder.
- of anyone with whom any engagement or contract is negotiated, arranged or secured. 12. No breach or failure to perform any terms of this Agreement by either Manager or Model which would otherwise be a material breach of this Agreement, shall be comidered a material breach of this Agreement, unless the party alleged to be in breach does not care the same within a further period of thirty (30) days after receipt of written notice from the alleging party.

11. Manager shell not be liable for any breach of contract or act or conission on the part

13. Manager shall have the right, at Manager's election, to suspend the operation of this Agreement if for any reason whatsoever Model is unable or unwilling to render services in the entertainment industries. Such suspension shall commence upon written autice to Model and shall last for the dutation of any such unavailability or unwillingness to render services. At Manager's election, a period of time equal to the duration of such suspension shall be added to Term. In addition, if Model fails to reader services in the entertainment industries as aforesaid, then Manager may, in addition to other remedies provided for herein, terminate this contract upon written notice to Model. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, Model shall be responsible for reimbursing Manager for any and all costs and expenses incurred by Manager in connection with Model's Career and professional activities within ten (10) calendar days connection with Model's Career and professional activities within ten (10) calendar days connection with Model's Career and professional activities within ten (10) calendar days connection with Model's Career and professional activities within ten (10) calendar days connection with Model fails to so reimburse Manager, of the date of termination. In the event that Model fails to so reimburse manager, injunction Manager shall have the right to avail itself of any all relief, including damages, injunction and equity, available to it under the law.

14. Any notice hereunder shall be sent to Model at the address above specified or any other address of which Model gives Manager notice. Any notices hereunder shall be sont to Manager at the address above specified or any other address of which Manager gives to Manager at the address above specified or any other address of which Manager gives to Manager at the address above specified or any other address of which Manager gives to Manager at the address above specified or specified or specified or Natalia Nastaskin, Esq., 250 West 57th Street, Suite 917, Model notice, with a copy to Natalia Nastaskin, Esq., 250 West 57th Street, Suite 917, Now York, New York 10107. All notices shall be delivered personally, by mail, e-mail date, facsimile or telegraph. The date of personal delivery, mailing receipt date, e-mail date, facsimile date or delivery to a telegraph office shall be the effective date of the actice.

15. This Agreement does not constitute or acknowledge any partnership or joint venture between the parties. Model understands and agrees that he / she is an independent contractor and not an employee of Manager, and, as such, shall be responsible for paying his/her own taxes from any and all monies earned hereunder.

16. This Agreement represents the entire agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof, and no modification, amendment, waiver, termination or discharge of this agreement or any provision thereof, shall be binding unless in writing discharge of this agreement or any provision thereof, shall be binding unless in writing signed by Model and Manager. No waiver of any provision or default under this Agreement shall affect Manager's rights thereafter to enforce such provisions or to exercise any right or remedy in the event of any other default, whether or not similar. This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, applicable to contracts entered into and wholly performed therein. If any provision of applicable to contracts entered into and wholly performed therein. If any provision of this Agreement violates or conflicts with any law, governmental rule or regulation or this Agreement, such provision or provisions shall be deemed of all or any part of this Agreement, such provision or provisions shall be deemed amended to the minimum extent necessary to effect compliance with such law, rule, regulation or decree and as so amended shall remain in full force and effect.

17. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their heirs, administrators, executors, successors and assigns.

18. MODEL REPRESENTS AND WARRANTS THAT MODEL HAS BEEN ADVISED OF MODEL'S RIGHT TO SEEK LEGAL COUNSEL OF MODEL'S OWN CHOOSING IN CONNECTION WITH THE NEGOTIATION AND EXECUTION OF THIS CONTRACT.

MANAGER:

EXPRESSLY REPRESENTS AND WARRANTS THAT MODEL HAS REACHED 18 YEARS OF AGE. IF MODEL HAS NOT YET REACHED IS YEARS OF AGE. HISABER PARENT(S) OR LEGAL GUARDIAN(S) MUST READ THIS AGREEMENT AND SEEN WHERE INDICATED BELOW. IN ADDITION, MODEL AND HIS/HER PARENT(S) OR LEGAL GUARDIAN(S) ACKNOWLEDGE THAT IT IS MODEL'S AND THREE RESPONSIBILITY TO OBTAIN ALL NECESSARY GOVERNMENTAL CONSENTS, PERMETS AND APPROVALS REQUIRED BY STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF SERVICES HERBUDNER BY MINORS, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION WORK PERMITS VISAS, AND COURT APPROVALS WHERE NECESSARY. AT MODEL'S REQUEST MANAGER WILL GUIDE AND COUNSEL MODEL WITH RESPECT TO OBTAINING SUCH CONSENTS, PERMITS, VISAS AND APPROVALS, AND MODEL AGREES TO SEGN ALL DOCUMENTS REQUERED IN CONNECTION THEREWITH MODEL ACKNOWLEDGES THAT UPON HE/HER BEACHING IS YEARS OF AGRITHES AGRESMENT WILL CONTUNUE IN YULL FORCE AND REPRICT TEROGRAPORT ITS THEM AND ANY RENEWALS THEREOF AND MODEL'S CONTINUED ACCEPTANCE OF ASSIGNMENTS FROM MANAGER SHALL CONSTITUTE RATERICATION OF ALL OF THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS HERBOY.

Dan + accept

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the perties hereto have executed this Agreement the day and year first above written.

BY ANAGEMENT, INC.  BY ANA WINGS  TITLE: Propident	.
Jedan Michardson  Jordan-Annettee J Ri Chard 562.  Print Name	AGELLO AND ACCEPTED: MODEL'S PARENT! LEGAL GUARDIAN  Logal Calmar & Clry funtast  Logal Alkena S. Abard Jontas C. Print Name
Model's Soc. Sec. #:	Capacity in which signed

Talent Signature & altriffacture	Witness:
Name: John Sahara	Date: 22 April 05
Lyo- achera Dally facilian	,

## V MODELS

# AGREEMENT ADDENDUM - CHARGE BACK EXPENSES

I agree and fully understand that expenses incurred for my promotion as talent with V Models, will be charged to my account and I will be responsible for there reimbursement or payment, these expenses include, but are not limited to

- Laser composites and/or composite cards printing.
- 2. Laser copies of photographs.
- 3. CD-Rom, e-mail and other electronic media.
  - Air Express charges (UPS, Federal Express).
- Magazine purchased for tear sheets.
- Airline tickets.
- Messenger services. 7.
- Taxi or car services. 8.
- 9. Polaroid's.
- 10. Portfolios and/or New Covers.
- 11. Model Apartments, including maid service.

in witness whereof, I confirm that I have read and understood, OR INDEPENDENTLY RECEIVED ASSISTANCE TO UNDERSTAND, THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THIS ADDENDUM. I ACCEPT THESE TERMS BY ENDORSING MY SIGNATURE BELOW.

-	
Tolom Viciniolist Vicinolist Vici	Witness:
Tolon Signature Silver file of file	1 105
TOPCHADION.	Date: 22 april 05
1. Lena & alreffarlas	,
Jya. was	

### ADDENDUM 1.0

**Duties of Personal Manager** 

New add below:

Personal Manager and V Models Compensation

1. If a client does not make payment because the Model has failed to perform as required, but does not include unforeseen evens (natural or manmade) to Model's arrival to client location, and Model only performs such services permitted by any applicable laws, the Model will reimburse (after receiving a copy of the clients billable invoice with written request for payment is received and verified) Personal Manager for the compensation Personal Manager would otherwise have received with respect to the work that should have been performed.

Personal Manager shall be responsible for Model compensation payments which must be received within 10 days upon V Models receipt of client payment. All payments to Model shall be mailed within 7-business days receipt of client payment and mailed to address below.

Address: Jordan-Annettee Jazzmin Richardson 105 B Friendly Drive Newport News, Va. 23605-1218

Manager and Model hereby agree that Model shall be allowed to devote (4) hours per day to academic activities for no less (5) days a week or (5) days within a 7-

Manager shall provide on a monthly basis an itemized listing of all moneys paid out by the agency in which the Model is expected to repay.

Manger is aware that Model is to be available the Friday before and (7) days after the July 4 holiday for court ordered visitation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I CONFIRM THAT I HAVE READ AND UNDERSTOOD, OR INDEPENDENTLY RECEIVED ASISTANCE TO UNDERSTAND, THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THIS ADDENDUM. I ACCEPT THESE TERMS BY ENDORSING MY SIGNATIVE BELOW.

EXHIBIT "C"

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## VNY MODEL MANAGEMENT, LLC.

## MODEL MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

AGREEMENT made as of the 19 day of June , 200 b, by and between VNY MODEL MANAGEMENT, LLC., 928 Broadway. Suite 801, New York, NY 10010 ("Manager"), and ("Model").
---

#### WITNESSETH:

IN CONSIDERATION of the sum of One Dollar (\$1.00), each to the other paid in hand and the mutual covenants and promises herein contained, the parties hereto agree as follows:

- 1. Model hereby engages the services of Manager as Model's sole and exclusive manager, representative and advisor throughout the world with respect to Model's professional career, talents, services and business affairs in the fashion, modeling and entertainment industries ("Career"). Manager hereby accepts such engagement, and agrees to counsel, confer and advise Model in the guidance of Model's career and activities; to use reasonable efforts to arrange for, exploit and commercialize Model's name, talent and abilities in connection therewith; supervise, negotiate and arrange the terms of any and all offers of employment or contracts for services of any nature terms of any and all offers of employment and assistance with respect to the development and improvement of Model's Career and all business interest related thereto.
- 2. (A) Manager is not and shall not act as an agent for Model. Model shall promptly refer to Manager all offers, communications or requests for Model's appearances or services.
- (B) Manager shall not be required to render services exclusively to Model, and shall, at all times, be free to perform the same or similar services for others, as well as engage in any and all other business activities.
- 3. The term of this Agreement (the "Term") shall consist of an initial period plus any and all option periods. The initial period of this Agreement shall be two (2) years commencing on the date first above written and ending on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, 200 8 (the "Initial Period"). The Term shall be attenuatically extended for additional periods of two (2) years each (collectively, "Option Periods"), unless Manager notifies Model, in writing, that it wishes to terminate this Agreement at any time before the expiration of the writing, that it wishes to terminate this Agreement at any time before the expiration of the Term. In the event Manager gives Model notice of termination, this Agreement shall terminate thirty (30) days from the date of such notice, unless the notice states otherwise.

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Manager's obligation to continue to pay Model its fees hereunder, if any, shall survival termination of this Agreement.

- (A) As compensation for Manager's services hereunder, Model shall pay Manager sums equal to twenty percent (20%) of all "gross receipts" ("Fee") as hereinafter defined, off the top, from all sources paid or accrued to, or earned or received by Model or on Model's behalf or for Model's benefit, directly or indirectly, during the Term of this Agreement, and thereafter: (i) for any employment, engagement, commitment or contract in existence on the date hereof or negotiated for or entered into during the Term, and any renewal, extension, modification, amendment thereof or addition thereto, including a new agreement for an additional term with the same or related parties; (ii) any employment, engagement, commitment or contract substituted for or replacing, directly or indirectly employments, engagements, commitments or contracts currently in existence or negotiated for or entered into during the Term and any renewal, extension, modification. amendment thereof or addition thereto, including a new agreement for an additional term with the same or related parties; and, (iii) any and all judgments, awards, settlements, payments, damages and proceeds relating to any suits, claims, actions or proceedings arising out of the alleged breach of non-performance by others of any of the contracts, engagements, commitments or other agreements referred to herein termination of this Agreement shall not affect Manager's rights to compensation as herein
  - (B) Manager's full participation in Model's gross receipts from contracts / agreements entered into or substantially negotiated during the Term hereof shall continue for as long as gross receipts are payable to Model per the terms of said continue for as long as gross receipts are payable to Model per the terms of said contracts / agreements, and any renewals, extensions, re-negotiations, modifications, or contracts / agreements, and any renewals, extensions, re-negotiations, modifications, or amendments thereof.
  - (C) The term "gross receipts" as used herein shall be deemed to include all forms of income payments, consideration and compensation including but not limited advances, earnings, fees, royalties, bonuses and income in kind, regardless of by whole procured, secured or arranged, however, within the scope of Model's Career and professional activities hereunder. The term Model's 'professional activities' shall professional activities hereunder. The term Model's talents and activities throughout the include without limitation, any use of Model's talents and activities throughout the fashion, modeling and entertainment industries.
  - (D) Model understands that Manager is entitled to receive from some or all of the clients who may utilize Model's services a service charge, agency fee or other compensation ("Client Fee") over and above the Fee Manager receives from Model, and Model acknowledges that that such compensation is an additional inducement for Manager to act on Model's behalf and an important element in the compensation Manager receives from representing Model. In the event that Model accepts a booking Manager receives from representing Model. In the event that Manager has the right to for which his/her fee includes the Client Fee, Model agrees that Manager has the right to deduct such Client Fee from Model's gross compensation paid by the client in addition to deduct such Client Fee from Model's gross compensation paid by the client in addition to Manager's Fee. Manager's Fee and Client Fee extend to any booking or engagement Manager's Fee. Manager's Fee and Client Fee extend to any booking or performed by Model subsequent to the termination of this Agreement if such booking or

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engagement was negotiated, solicited or accepted by Model prior to such termination or is a continuation or work which began prior to termination, including renewals, options

s. (A) Gross receipts shall be sent to Manager. Model shall cause all contracts and agreements with third parties concerning Model's professional activities to provide for Model's compensation under those contracts and agreements to be paid directly to Manager. Upon Manager's receipt of gross receipts, Manager shall deduct from such manager. Upon Manager's receipt of gross receipts, Manager shall deduct from such gross receipts: (i) any and all fees, costs, and expenses advanced or incurred by Manager on Model's behalf, including any and all expenses advanced or incurred by Manager on Model's behalf, including any and all expenses advanced or incurred by Model's Model's behalf before and after execution of this Agreement; and, (ii) all compensation or consideration due Manager hereunder. Manager shall remit the balance of gross or consideration due Manager hereunder. Manager days after receipt of gross receipts, if any, to Model no later than ten (10) calendar days after receipt of gross

(B) In the event that gross receipts are sent to Model, Model shall promptly notify Manager of its receipt of same. In this event, Model shall promptly, and in no event later than five (5) calendar days after receipt thereof send the entire gross receipts event later than five (5) calendar days after receipt thereof send the entire gross receipts event later than five (5) calendar days after receipt thereof send the entire gross receipts event later than five (5) calendar days after receipt thereof send the entire gross receipts

- Model shall, notwithstanding anything elsewhere contained herein, reimburse Manager for any and all costs or expenses Manager may incur, or any moneys Manager may advance in connection with Model's Career and professional activities hereunder, may advance in connection with Model's Career and professional activities hereunder, including but not limited to photographs, clothing and accessories, any and all equipment, including publicity or promotion costs, long-distance telephone calls, travel and transportation expenses, administration, auditing fees, and any and all other costs incurred by Manager, from any and all monies earned by Model hereunder, and, if no incurred by Manager, from any and all monies earned are insufficient to cover monies are earned by Model hereunder or monies earned are insufficient to cover Manager's expenses. Model shall nevertheless reimburse Manager within six (6) months of Manager's incurring any particular expense. Manager may, but shall not be obligated to, commence logal proceedings to collect amounts due to Model from clients, but if to, commence logal proceedings to collect amounts due to Model from clients, but if
  - 7. Model grants to Manager during the Term the nonexclusive right to use and publish and to permit others to use and publish Model's professional name, likeness and biographical material concerning Model, for advertising and purposes of trade and otherwise without limitation in connection with the furtherance of Model's Career and professional activities. Manager shall have the right to advertise the fact that Munager professional activities. Manager shall have the right to advertise the fact that Munager professional activities. Manager shall have the right, within Manager's sole discretion, to publish Model's name, likeness, image, the right, within Manager's sole discretion, to publish Model's name, likeness, image, the right, within Manager's sole discretion, to publish Model's name, likeness, image, the right, within Manager's sole discretion, to publish Model's name, likeness, image, the right information and statistics on its website for as long as Model is represented to Manager.
    - 8. (A) Model warrants and represents that Model: (i) has the full right, power and authority to enter into this agreement and to grant to Manager the rights granted herein; (ii) is under no obligation or disability or prohibition which will or might prevent Model (ii) is under no obligation or disability or prohibition.





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from keeping or performing Model's covenants, promises, representations and warranties contained herein; (iii) will not, during the Term, enter into any agreement or commitmen: which shall or might in any manner interfere with or prevent Model's carrying out the terms and conditions of this Agreement; and, (iv) will not, during the Term, engage any other person, firm or corporation to act as Model's personal manager or in any similar capacity.

(B) Model shall indemnify and hold Manager harmless from any loss, liability or damage (including reasonable attorney's fees) arising out of or connected with any claim by a third party which is inconsistent with any of the warranties, representations, covenants or promises made by Model hereunder. Model will reimburse Manager on demand for any payment made by Manager at any time in respect of any liability or claim to which the foregoing indemnity relates.



9. Model hereby authorizes and appoints Manager to be Model's agent and attorney-infact for the purpose of (a) negotiating, renegotiating, contracting and executing for Model and in Model's name and on Model's behalf and any and all agreements, documents, and instruments providing for Model's services to clients pursuant hereto; (b) approving and permitting the use of Model's name, image, voice, caricatures and the like for the purposes of advertising and publicity; (c) collecting and receiving sums payable to Model, endorsing Model's name upon and depositing in Manager's account all checks payable to Model, and retaining therefrom all sums owing to Manager; and, (d) demanding, suing for and collecting, all claims, money, interest and other items that may be due Model or belong to Model.



- 10. Manager shall have the right to assign this Agreement and any of Manager's rights hereunder without limitation. Manager shall have the right to delegate the performance of Manager's obligations hereunder without limitation. Model shall not have the right to assign this Agreement or delegate any of Model's obligations hereunder.
- 11. Manager shall not be liable for any breach of contract or act or omission on the part of anyone with whom any engagement or contract is negotiated, arranged or secured.
- 12. No breach or failure to perform any terms of this Agreement by either Manager or Model which would otherwise be a material breach of this Agreement, shall be considered a material breach of this Agreement, unless the party alleged to be in breach does not cure the same within a further period of thirty (30) days after receipt of written notice from the alleging party.
- 13. Manager shall have the right, at Manager's election, to suspend the operation of this Agreement if for any reason whatsoever Model is unable or unwilling to render services in the entertainment industries. Such suspension shall commence upon written notice to Model and shall last for the duration of any such unavailability or unwillingness to render services. At Manager's election, a period of time equal to the duration of such suspension shall be added to Torm. In addition, if Model fails to render services in the



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entertainment industries as aforesaid, then Manager may, in addition to other remedies provided for herein, terminate this contract upon written notice to Model. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, Model shall be responsible for reimbursing Manager for any and all costs and expenses incurred by Manager in connection with Model's Career and professional activities within ten (10) calendar days of the date of termination. In the event that Model fails to so reimburse Manager, Manager shall have the right to avail itself of any all relief, including damages, injunction and equity, available to it under the law.

- 14. Any notice hereunder shall be sent to Model at the address above specified or any other address of which Model gives Manager notice. Any notices hereunder shall be sent to Manager at the address above specified or any other address of which Manager gives Model notice, with a copy to Natalia Nastaskin, Esq., 250 West 57<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 917, New York, New York 10107. All notices shall be delivered personally, by mail, e-mail, facsimile or telegraph. The date of personal delivery, mailing receipt date, e-mail date, facsimile date or delivery to a telegraph office shall be the effective date of the notice.
- 15. This Agreement does not constitute or acknowledge any partnership or joint venture between the parties. Model understands and agrees that he / she is an independent contractor and not an employee of Manager, and, as such, shall be responsible for paying his/her own taxes from any and all monies earned hereunder.
- 16. This Agreement represents the entire agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof, and no modification, amendment, waiver, termination or discharge of this agreement or any provision thereof, shall be binding unless in writing signed by Model and Manager. No waiver of any provision or default under this Agreement shall affect Manager's rights thereafter to enforce such provisions or to exercise any right or remedy in the event of any other default, whether or not similar. This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, applicable to contracts entered into and wholly performed therein. If any provision of this Agreement violates or conflicts with any law, governmental rule or regulation or judicial decree, including any requirements for judicial approval, to the extent required, of all or any part of this Agreement, such provision or provisions shall be deemed amended to the minimum extent necessary to effect compliance with such law, rule, regulation or decree and as so amended shall remain in full force and effect.
- 17. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their heirs, administrators, executors, successors and assigns.
- 18. MODEL REPRESENTS AND WARRANTS THAT MODEL HAS BEEN ADVISED OF MODEL'S RIGHT TO SEEK LEGAL COUNSEL OF MODEL'S OWN CHOOSING IN CONNECTION WITH THE NEGOTIATION AND EXECUTION OF THIS CONTRACT.
- 19. IF MODEL IS EIGHTEEN (18) YEARS OF AGE OR OVER, MODEL MAY SIGN THIS AGREEMENT ON HIS/HER OWN BEHALF, AND BY SO DOING MODEL

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VNY Model Management

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EXPRESSLY REPRESENTS AND WARRANTS THAT MODEL HAS REACHED 18 YEARS OF AGE. IF MODEL HAS NOT YET REACHED 18 YEARS OF AGE, HIS/HER PARENT(S) OR LEGAL GUARDIAN(S) MUST READ THIS AGREEMENT AND SIGN WHERE INDICATED BELOW. IN ADDITION, MODEL AND HIS/HER PARENT(S) OR LEGAL GUARDIAN(S) ACKNOWLEDGE THAT IT IS MODEL'S AND THEIR RESPONSIBILITY TO OBTAIN ALL NECESSARY GOVERNMENTAL CONSENTS. PERMITS AND APPROVALS REQUIRED BY STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF SERVICES HEREUDNER BY MINORS, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION WORK PERMITS VISAS, AND COURT APPROVALS WHERE NECESSARY. AT MODEL'S REQUEST MANAGER WILL GUIDE AND COUNSEL MODEL WITH RESPECT TO OBTAINING SUCH CONSENTS. PERMITS, VISAS AND APPROVALS, AND MODEL AGREES TO SIGN ALL DOCUMENTS REQUIRED IN CONNECTION THEREWITH. MODEL ACKNOWLEDGES THAT UPON HIS/HER REACHING 18 YEARS OF AGE THIS AGREEMENT WILL CONTINUE IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT THROUGHOUT ITS TERM AND ANY RENEWALS THEREOF, AND MODEL'S CONTINUED ACCEPTANCE OF ASSIGNMENTS FROM MANAGER SHALL CONSTITUTE RATIFICATION OF ALL OF THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS HEREOF.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement the day and r homework 3 hr
per day minimum
home time with
prior molification year first above written. MANAGER: VNY MODEL MANAGEMENT, LLC. hat to samed the contract with Lana Winfors President A window motice 30 days pre TITLE: to the expiration of the Contract AGREED AND ACCEPTED: AGREED AND ACCEPTED: MODEL'S PARENT / MODEL: <u>LEGAL GUARDIAN</u> redan-Annettee J Richardson Print Name Model's Soc. Src. #:230558610 Capacity in which signed

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### See Past

#### See past of Jordan RICHARDSON on JOBs

#### Jobs past:

From 04/15/05 to 04/15/05 with JOSEPH PARADISO: TEST

From 04/27/05 to 04/27/05 with TARGET STORES, PPS: job #685944

From 05/04/05 to 05/07/05 with TEEN VOGUE: orlando

From 05/27/05 to 05/27/05 with KOHLS DEPT STORE: junior - half day

From 06/06/05 to 06/10/05 with ALLOY: CATALOG IN WILMINGTON

From 06/18/05 to 06/20/05 with YOUNG MAGAZINE GERMANY: EDIT

From 06/26/05 to 06/28/05 with PLATNUM PRODUCTIONS: GOODIES COMMERCIAL

From 06/29/05 to 06/29/05 with TEEN VOGUE: beauty

From 07/03/05 to 06/28/05 with PLATNUM PRODUCTIONS: GOODIES COMERCIAL

From 07/20/05 to 07/20/05 with TOMMY HILFIGER WEB: Unrecongnizable/Online

From 07/21/05 to 07/21/05 with TOMMY HILFIGER WEB:

From 07/27/05 to 07/27/05 with DAVID MILOSEVICH: TARGET SHOW

From 07/28/05 to 07/28/05 with JANE MAGAZINE: EDIT 10 GIRLS

From 07/31/05 to 07/31/05 with ABERCROMBIE && FITCH: abercrombie/holister

From 08/01/05 to 08/03/05 with ABERCROMBIE && FITCH:

From 08/04/05 to 08/04/05 with TEEN VOGUE: SAMSUNG ADV

From 08/10/05 to 08/10/05 with DEVELOPMENT: bloomingdales

From 08/11/05 to 08/11/05 with DEVELOPMENT:

From 08/12/05 to 08/12/05 with MAREK AND RADEK: test

From 08/18/05 to 08/18/05 with AMERICAN EAGLE /NY OFFICE: SHOW

From 09/09/05 to 09/09/05 with TOMMY HILFIGER: SHOW AT 8PM

From 09/10/05 to 09/10/05 with BABY PHAT:

From 09/11/05 to 09/11/05 with CAT SWANSON: show at 11

From 09/12/05 to 09/13/05 with JD CASTING: OLD NAVY / JOB # OLD-HOL-C55168

From 09/12/05 to 09/12/05 with TOMMY HILFIGER: web

From 09/16/05 to 09/16/05 with NORDSTROM: web

From 09/21/05 to 09/22/05 with JENNIFER VENDETTI: benetton

From 09/26/05 to 09/27/05 with JC PENNY'S: JOB # ROXANNE LOWIT PROM

From 10/04/05 to 10/04/05 with SEVENTEEN: Main Beauty (February Issue)

From 10/08/05 to 10/08/05 with ROCKIT NEW YORK: David's Bridal Prom

From 10/11/05 to 10/11/05 with SEVENTEEN: Main Fashion Story

From 10/17/05 to 10/22/05 with CREATIVE EXCHANGE AGENCY: american eagle 2006 CAMPAIGN

From 10/24/05 to 10/24/05 with DAVID S BRIDAL: WEBSITE

From 10/27/05 to 10/27/05 with JC PENNY'S: prom jpcco p6800

From 10/29/05 to 10/29/05 with JENNIFER VENDETTI: nylon/redhook ny

From 11/02/05 to 11/02/05 with JC PENNY'S: Job Reference AOR # 269401 - in store posters 4 months

From 11/04/05 to 11/04/05 with DAVIDS BRIDAL:

From 11/05/05 to 11/05/05 with DAVIDS BRIDAL: Reshoot

From 11/07/05 to 11/08/05 with SEVENTEEN: March Fashion

From 11/16/05 to 11/16/05 with GLAMOUR MAGAZINE: 8 pag sigles 2 girls main fashion-beauty

From 11/17/05 to 11/17/05 with AMERICAN EAGLE /NY OFFICE: Press Kit Shoot

From 11/17/05 to 11/17/05 with AMERICAN EAGLE /NY OFFICE: show

From 11/19/05 to 11/19/05 with TEEN VOGUE: beauty

From 11/22/05 to 11/22/05 with TEEN VOGUE: Beauty "pink"

From 11/30/05 to 12/01/05 with VIBE: 14 Pages Fashion March Issue

From 12/05/05 to 12/05/05 with DDB CHICAGO INC: ARIZONA SWIM (JC PENNEY) IN LA job # P68014

From 12/06/05 to 12/06/05 with DEUTSCH INC.: job # OLD HOL C55168, old navy instore posters jan+feb '06 san fran+ ny - job of sept 12-13 '05

From 12/14/05 to 12/14/05 with JC PENNY'S: AOR 266756 WEEK 3B - preprint brochure I time in mag - job in dallas

From 12/15/05 to 12/16/05 with TEEN VOGUE: Fashion Story

From 12/18/05 to 12/21/05 with BARRINGTON CASTING: Target Campaign (Miami)

From 01/09/06 to 01/09/06 with AMERICAN EAGLE/PITTSBURG OFFICE: pittsburg

From 01/10/06 to 01/10/06 with SETH SABAL STUDIO:

From 01/20/06 to 01/20/06 with SEARS:

From 01/21/06 to 01/21/06 with SEVENTEEN: Fashion/Beauty

From 01/26/06 to 01/26/06 with AGA: avon

From 01/31/06 to 01/31/06 with AMERICAN EAGLE /NY OFFICE:

From 02/01/06 to 02/01/06 with DELIA'S: 0605trzaska

From 02/02/06 to 02/02/06 with DELIA'S: 0605trzaska

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From 02/04/06 to 02/04/06@withOVN-OVI-BIGNESHICKED 6P-MOCUMENT 29-2 From 02/05/06 to 02/05/06 with CHARLOTTE RONSON: pres 8.30-10PM
                                                                              Filed 07/02/2007 Page 25 of 49
From 02/05/06 to 02/05/06 with KEANAN DUFFTY:
From 02/07/06 to 02/07/06 with ABERCROMBIE && FITCH: 2 HOURS LA STORE
From 02/09/06 to 02/09/06 with BECKERMAN:
From 02/10/06 to 02/10/06 with LINDA LOUDERMILK: Linda Loudermilk
From 02/10/06 to 02/10/06 with PROJECT RUNWAY:
From 02/11/06 to 02/11/06 with LINDA LOUDERMILK: Lind Loudermilk Look Book
From 02/11/06 to 02/10/06 with TOTAL MANAGEMENT: Nike /katie 917-346-5947
From 02/11/06 to 02/11/06 with DANIEL PEDDLE: NIKE / KATE 917-346-5947
From 02/16/06 to 02/16/06 with UNITED COLORS COMMUNICATIONS SA: BENETTON S/S 2006 USAGE
From 02/21/06 to 02/21/06 with TOMMY HILFIGER WEB:
From 02/23/06 to 02/23/06 with ART AND COMMERCE: italian vogue 1 guy-7 girls
From 02/24/06 to 02/24/06 with AMBROSI CHICAGO: SEARS , PO #26462
From 03/15/06 to 03/16/06 with JC PENNY'S: INSTORE GRAPHIC, JOB IN MIAMI, PO# 269404 Summer 3 GFX
From 03/20/06 to 03/20/06 with JC PENNY'S: preprint in dallas, AOR#270627
From 03/21/06 to 03/21/06 with JC PENNY'S: prerint in dallas, AOR#266718
From 03/22/06 to 03/22/06 with JC PENNY'S: preprint in dallas, AOR#266717
From 03/27/06 to 03/27/06 with SURFACE MAGAZINE: 10 Pages
 From 04/01/06 to 04/01/06 with DAVIDS BRIDAL:
From 04/03/06 to 04/03/06 with TRACE MAGAZINE: Black Girls Rule Issue
From 04/06/06 to 04/06/06 with SEVENTEEN:
From 04/12/06 to 04/12/06 with GLAMOUR MAGAZINE: beauty 2 girls, all singles
 From 04/18/06 to 04/18/06 with MACYS FLORIDA:
 From 04/20/06 to 04/20/06 with COSMO GIRL:
 From 04/26/06 to 04/26/06 with L OREAL: L'OREAL VIVE HAIR CARE, job number A06CV017
 From 05/09/06 to 05/09/06 with MACYS FLORIDA:
 From 05/16/06 to 05/16/06 with JC PENNY'S: AOR 270689
 From 05/18/06 to 05/19/06 with MACYS FLORIDA:
 From 05/20/06 to 05/25/06 with MC CANN ERICKSON: L'OREAL USA COMMERCIAL/ VIVE SHAMPOO BRANDS
 From 05/31/06 to 05/31/06 with JC PENNY'S: WEEK 27B, AOR 266782
 From 06/01/06 to 06/02/06 with AMERICAN EAGLE/PITTSBURG OFFICE: aerie lingerie line
 From 06/05/06 to 06/06/06 with BARRINGTON CASTING: Job Reference: IR Target Women 0606-2
 From 06/19/06 to 06/19/06 with JC PENNY'S: in dallas, WEEK 29A, AOR# 266729
 From 06/20/06 to 06/20/06 with JC PENNY'S: IN DALLAS, WEEK 30M AOR# 266786
 From 06/21/06 to 06/21/06 with JC PENNY'S: IN DALLAS, WEEK 30A AOR# 266730
 From 06/27/06 to 06/27/06 with JC PENNY'S: AOR 266731 week 31A / AOR 266789 week 31B
 From 07/24/06 to 07/24/06 with JC PENNY'S: AOR:269407 Job# 269407 Holiday GFX
 From 07/29/06 to 07/29/06 with NORDSTROM:
 From 07/31/06 to 07/31/06 with JC PENNY'S: AOR:266793 Wk:35B
 From 08/04/06 to 08/04/06 with KEVIN SINCLAIRE:
 From 08/04/06 to 08/04/06 with MARC BAPTISTE STUDIO: Portrait Story Clam Magazine Paris
 From 08/08/06 to 08/08/06 with NORDSTROM: Website
 From 08/14/06 to 08/14/06 with JC PENNY'S: week 37b aor 266795
 From 08/25/06 to 08/25/06 with JC PENNY'S: AOR #266740 WEEK 40A / AOR #266799 WEEK 40B
 From 08/28/06 to 08/28/06 with DELIA S: Job Ref:0614
 From 08/29/06 to 08/29/06 with MACY'S WEST: P.O. #13597
 From 08/30/06 to 08/31/06 with H&&M HENNES & MAURITZ AB: CATALOG
 From 09/06/06 to 09/06/06 with MACY'S WEST: Impulse Mailer: 062-2697
 From 09/07/06 to 09/07/06 with TRACY REESE: dailey news with tracy reese
 From 09/08/06 to 09/08/06 with VERRIER: SHOW AT 4PM
 From 09/08/06 to 09/08/06 with CHRIS AIRE: Show
 From 09/08/06 to 09/08/06 with REYES: PRESENTATION
 From 09/09/06 to 09/09/06 with ESTABLISHMENT CASTING: cancellation fee/GAP Body Spring 2007 Print Campaign
 From 09/09/06 to 09/09/06 with ACADEMY OF ART:
  From 09/10/06 to 09/10/06 with ESTABLISHMENT CASTING: gap body/ 6 months/hamptons/GAP Body Spring 2007 Print Campaign
  From 09/11/06 to 09/11/06 with RACHEL COMEY: 3pm
 From 09/12/06 to 09/12/06 with ARAKS: araks show
 From 09/13/06 to 09/13/06 with BBH: LEVIS PRINT/POS SPRING 2007/PO#3057
  From 09/13/06 to 09/13/06 with YEOHLEE: SHOW AT 4PM
  From 09/15/06 to 09/15/06 with MANUEL: SHOW AT 1PM
  From 09/15/06 to 09/15/06 with LISA THON: Show
  From 09/15/06 to 09/15/06 with MAL SIRRAH: Show
  From 09/18/06 to 09/18/06 with JC PENNY'S: AOR #266742, WEEK 42A
  From 09/19/06 to 09/19/06 with JC PENNY'S: WEEK 43B AOR #266637
  From 09/20/06 to 09/20/06 with JC PENNY'S: WEEK 44B AOR #266640 + WEEK 43A AOR #266743
  From 09/21/06 to 09/21/06 with DELIA S: Delia's Holiday 2006
  From 09/26/06 to 09/26/06 with JC PENNY'S: WEEK 44A, AOR #266744
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From 09/27/06 to 09/27/06 with JC PENNY'S: WEEK 44M, AOR #266639 + WEEK 44A.10, AOR #266744

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From 10/02/06 to 10/02/96 with OV-PENNS 36/9E EBBB AOB 5266 A 29-2
                                                                             Filed 07/02/2007
                                                                                                     Page 26 of 49
From 10/03/06 to 10/03/06 with NORDSTROM: JOB# B716A
From 10/04/06 to 10/04/06 with ABERCROMBIE && FITCH: Mark Beard London sitting
From 10/06/06 to 10/06/06 with JC PENNY'S: AOR #266745, WEEK 45A
From 10/09/06 to 10/21/06 with HOUSE PRODUCTIONS: AE+AERIE CAMPAIGNS SPRING '07, 3 MONTHS FROM DEC 24 '06 TO APRIL 15 '07 / 8 WOF
From 10/24/06 to 10/24/06 with JC PENNY'S: SWIM GRAPHICS / AOR# 269414
From 10/25/06 to 10/25/06 with JC PENNY'S: w48a po 266748 / 266647 w48b
From 11/01/06 to 11/01/06 with JC PENNY'S: WEEK 49B AOR# 266648 + WEEK 50A AOR# 266750
From 11/02/06 to 11/02/06 with JC PENNY'S: WEEK 50 B / AOR # 266676
From 11/03/06 to 11/03/06 with ESSENCE MAGAZINE: Beauty Feb Issue 6/8 pages
From 11/10/06 to 11/13/06 with VIBE: 10 pages Fashion Feb Issue
From 11/14/06 to 11/14/06 with JC PENNY'S: WEEK 51A AOR #266751 + WEEK 51B AOR #266677
From 11/15/06 to 11/15/06 with JC PENNY'S: WEEK 52B - AOR 266678
From 11/26/06 to 11/26/06 with NORDSTROM: Job # B710a
From 11/30/06 to 11/30/06 with SAATCHI AND SAATCHI: jc penney/ miami / spring 2007JOb #402 JCP JCP6012
From 12/02/06 to 12/02/06 with CHRISTINE SUAREZ: BEAUTY COLURES MAG 10 pages
From 12/04/06 to 12/04/06 with JC PENNY'S: week 1B/ aor 266203--- week 1A/ aor 266201
From 12/05/06 to 12/05/06 with H&&M HENNES & MAURITZ AB: miami
From 12/12/06 to 12/12/06 with MACY'S WEST: in ny 1 day
From 12/14/06 to 12/14/06 with JC PENNY'S: AOR 266204, WEEK 2A + AOR 266207, WEEK 3B
From 12/15/06 to 12/15/06 with DELIA'S: Job Ref:0704
From 12/22/06 to 12/22/06 with MACY'S WEST: Impulse Reshoot Ad Codes 071-0291
From 01/08/07 to 01/08/07 with LANCE CHESHIRE PHOTOGRAPHY: test
From 01/09/07 to 01/09/07 with JC PENNY'S: JOB/PO#: NET 1/09-Christy
From 01/19/07 to 01/19/07 with SEVENTEEN: Beauty
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From 01/25/07 to 01/25/07 with DELIA'S: PO # 0704

From 01/28/07 to 01/28/07 with H&&M HENNES & MAURITZ AB: catalog/miami

From 02/03/07 to 02/03/07 with VENEXIANA: Reference Fall 07 Show From 02/05/07 to 02/05/07 with GEMMA KAHNG: SHOW AT 7PM

From 02/22/07 to 02/22/07 with NORDSTROM: Web From 02/23/07 to 02/23/07 with MACY'S WEST: PO: 12101

From 03/01/07 to 03/01/07 with DELIA'S: Delia's Summer 07 Reaction Shoot/ Job Ref.:0706

From 03/02/07 to 03/02/07 with BBH: levis campaign/ PO# 3859

From 03/07/07 to 03/07/07 with BARRINGTON CASTING: Levi's/ FA 07 Brand Imagery shoot/ PO# 3879

From 03/08/07 to 03/11/07 with H&&M HENNES & MAURITZ AB: arizona From 03/22/07 to 03/22/07 with NORDSTROM: IN NY/ half day JOB# B852a

From 04/19/07 to 04/19/07 with JENNIFER VENDETTI: levis reshoot

EXHIBIT "E"

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EXHIBIT "F"

254

to be sitting outside the judicial department of his residence. The short answer to this argument is that our Constitution specifically provides that once a Justice is properly assigned in accordance with subdivision g of section 26, as Justice Roberts was, he acquires all of "the powers, duties and jurisdiction of a judge or justice of the court to which assigned." (Art. VI, § 26, subd. k.) Since Special Narcotics Court Judges have, as we interpret CPL 700.05 (subd. 4) in light of article 5-B of the Judiciary Law, been given city-wide jurisdiction to authorize the interception of drug-related conversations, Justice Roberts' assignment fully complied with both subdivisions g and k of section 26 of article VI of the New York Constitution.

Accordingly, the orders of the Appellate Division should be affirmed.

COOKE, C.J., and JONES, WACHTLER, FUCHSBERG, MEYER and SIMONS, JJ., concur.

In each case: Order affirmed.



448 N.E.2d 108 58 N.Y.2d 338

1338 1Brooke SHIELDS, Respondent-Appellant,

٧.

Garry GROSS, Appellant-Respondent.

Court of Appeals of New York.

March 29, 1983.

Infant model brought action against photographer seeking damages and injunctive relief to prevent the photographer from using photographs taken when the model was ten years old. The Supreme Court, Trial Term, New York County, Edward J. Greenfield, J., denied the application for a permanent injunction except to the extent of enjoining the photographer from licensing or permitting the licensing of photographs for use in pornographic pub-

lications. Appeal was taken. The Supreme Court, Appellate Division, First Judicial Department, 88 A.D.2d 846, 451 N.Y.S.2d 419, modified the judgment and granted the model a permanent injunction enjoining the photographer from using the pictures for purposes of advertising or trade. Cross-appeals were taken. The Court of Appeals, Simons, J., held that: (1) the model could not maintain an action against the photographer where the model's mother had effectively consented, and (2) the section requiring prior court approval of infants' contracts did not apply to the model.

Order modified and, as modified, affirmed.

Jasen, J., dissented with an opinion in which Fuchsberg and Meyer, JJ., concurred.

#### 1. Torts \$\infty 8.5(8)\$

Section creating civil cause of action for use of person's name, portrait or picture for advertising purposes without prior written consent acts to restrict advertiser's prior unrestrained common-law right to use another's photograph until written consent is obtained; once written consent is obtained, photograph may be published as permitted by its terms. McKinney's Civil Rights Law § 51.

#### 2. Infants = 47

Where statute expressly permits certain class of agreements to be made by infants, that settles the question and makes agreement valid and enforceable.

#### 3. Torts \$\sim 8.5(8)\$

Under section creating civil cause of action for use of person's name, portrait or picture for advertising purposes without prior written consent, parent's consent was binding on infant model and no words prohibiting disaffirmance were necessary to effectuate legislative intent. McKinney's Civil Rights Law § 51.

#### 4. Infants ⇔49

General Obligations Law section requiring prior court approval of infants' contracts applies only to performing artists,

58 N.Y.2d 342

such as actors, mu fessional athletes. ligations Law § 3

#### 5. Infants 49

General Oblig quiring trial court tracts did not appl ney's General Ol

#### 6. Infants \$\influon49\$

Procedures for infants' contracts a gations Law, while necessary for performed athletes, as model who, whether appradically, works sometimes for matches. McKinney Law § 3-105.

#### 7. Torts \$\infty 8.5(8)

Parent who wand exposure of hathe use authorized fendant's immunity of privacy is no brouted to bim. McK § 51.

1A. Richard Golub New York City, fo 1Sandor Frankel a York City, for resp

TODINION (

SIMONS, Judge.

The issue on thi infant model may stricted consent exo her parent and main

\* The consents provid

"I hereby give the representatives, and the photographer is with his permission, and permission to cand/or publish, an pictures or portraits be distorted in chartion with my own



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#### SHIELDS v. GROSS

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the advertiser under the common law for using her pictures, the new statute gives a cause of action to those similarly situated unless they have executed a consent or release in writing to the advertiser before use of the photographs. The statute acts to restrict an advertiser's prior unrestrained common-law right to use another's photograph until written consent is obtained. Once written consent is obtained, however, the photograph may be published as permitted by its terms (see Welch v. Mr. Christmas, 57 N.Y.2d 143, 454 N.Y.S.2d 971, 440 N.E.2d 1317).

[2, 3] Concededly, at common law an infant could disaffirm his written consent (see Joseph v. Schatzkin, 259 N.Y. 241, 181 N.E. 464; Casey v. Kastel, 237 N.Y. 305, 142 N.E. 671) or, for that matter, a consent executed by another on his or her behalf (see Lee v. Silver, 262 App.Div. 149, 28 N.Y.S.2d 333, affd. 287 N.Y. 575, 38 N.E.2d 233; Goldfinger v. Doherty, 153 Misc. 826, 276 N.Y.S. 289, affd. 244 App.Div. 779, 280 N.Y.S. 778; Aborn v. Janis, 62 Misc. 95, 113 N.Y.S. 309, affd. 122 App.Div. 893, 106 N.Y.S. 1115). Notwithstanding these rules, It lis clear that the Legislature may abrogate an infant's common-law right to disaffirm (see, e.g., General Obligations Law, § 3-101, subd. 3; § 3-102, subd. 1; § 3-103; Education Law, § 281; /Insurance Law, § 145) or, conversely, it may confer upon infants the right to make binding contracts (see Matter of T.W.C., 38 N.Y.20 128, 130, 379 N.Y.S.2d 1, 341 N.E.2d 526 [Domestic Relations Law, § 115-b]; Hamm v. Prudential Ins. Co. of Amer., 137 App. Div. 504, 122 N.Y.S. 35 [Insurance Law, § 145, formerly § 55]; Matter of Presler, 171 Misc. 559, 13 N.Y.S.2d 49). Where a statute expressly permits a certain class of agreements to be made by infants, that settles the question and makes the agreement valid and enforceable. That is precisely what happened here. The Legislature, by adopting section 51, created a new cause of action and it provided in the statute itself the method for obtaining an infant's consent to avoid liability. Construing the statute strictly, as we must since it is in derogation of the common law (see McKin-

ney's Cons. Laws of N.Y., Book 1, Statutes, § 301, subd. b), the parent's consent is binding on the infant and no words prohibiting disaffirmance are necessary to effectuate the legislative intent. Inasmuch as the consents in this case complied with the statutory requirements, they were valid and may not be disaffirmed (see Matter of T.W.C., supra).

[4,5] Nor do we believe that the consents may be considered void because the parties failed to comply with the provisions of section 3-105 of the General Obligations Law requiring prior court approval of infants' contracts. By its terms, section 3-105 applies only to performing artists; such as actors, musicians, dancers and professional athletes moreover, it is apparent by comparing other statutes with it that the Legislature knowingly has differentiated between child performers and child models. Thus, section 3229 (formerly § 3216-c) of the Education Law, which applies to "Child performers", is referred to in section 3-105 (subd. 2, par. a) of the General Obligations Law but section 3230 of the Education Law, which applies to child models, is not. Child models are also recognized as a separate work classification in section 172 (subd. 2, par. f) of the Labor Law. Furthermore, section 3-105 was not designed to expand the rights of infants to disaffirm their contracts, as the concurring Justice at the Appellate Division would apply it, but to pro- 1346 vide assurance to those required to deal with infants that the infants would not later disaffirm executory contracts to the adult contracting party's disadvantage (see Matter of Prinze [Jonas], 38 N.Y.2d 570, 575, 381 N.Y.S.2d 824, 345 N.E.2d 295). Sections 50 and 51 as we interpret them serve the same purpose, to bring certainty to an important industry which necessarily uses minors for its work. This same need for certainty was the impetus behind not only section 3-105 but the various other sections of the General Obligations Law which prohibit disaffirmance of an infant's contract.

ion for invasion ew York Times Y.S.2d 941, 434 Rochester Fold-4 N.E. 442). In o the Roberson cted sections 50 aw. Section 50 lemeanor to use trait or picture without prior 51 is remedial use of action on ermitting relief ee Arrington v. 55 N.Y.2d at p. 4 N.E.2d 1319; N.Y.2d 276, 280, ld 853). Section the prior "writ-· the civil action d", referring to n turn, provides corporation that

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[6] Realistically, the procedures of prior

court approval set forth in section 3-105,

while entirely appropriate and necessary for

performing artists and professional ath-

letes, are impractical for a child model who,

whether employed regularly or sporadically,

works from session to session, sometimes

for many different photographers. More-

over, they work for fees which are relative-

ly modest when compared to those received

by actors or professional athletes who may

be employed by one employer at considera-

bly greater remuneration for a statutorily

permissible three-year term. Indeed, the

fee in this case was \$450, hardly sufficient

to warrant the elaborate court proceedings

required by section 3-105 or to necessitate a

court's determination of what part should

be set aside and preserved for the infant's

future needs. Nor do we think court ap-

proval necessary under the circumstances

existing in the normal child model's career.

Given the nature of the employment, it is

entirely reasonable for the Legislature to

substitute the parents' judgment and ap-

proval of what is best for their child for

It should be noted that plaintiff did not

contend that the photographs were obscene

or pornographic. Her only complaint was

that she was embarrassed because "they

[the photographs] are not me now." The

trial court specifically found that the photo-

graphs were not pornographic and it en-

joined use of them in pornographic publica-

tions. Thus, there is no need to discuss the

unenforceability of certain contracts which

violate public policy (see, e.g., Penal Law,

§ 235.00 et seq.) or to equate an infant's

common-law right Ito disaffirm with that

principle, as the dissent apparently does.

cation of the statute as we interpret it may

result in unanticipated and untoward conse-

quences. If that be so, there is an obvious

remedy. A parent who wishes to limit the

publicity and exposure of her child need

only limit the use authorized in the consent,

for a defendant's immunity from a claim

for invasion of privacy is no broader than

the consent executed to him (see Welch v.

[7] Finally, it is claimed that the appli-

that of a court.

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Mr. Christmas, 57 N.Y.2d 143, 454 N.Y.S.2d 971, 440 N.E.2d 1317, supra; Adrian v. Unterman, 281 App.Div. 81, 118 N.Y.S.2d 121, affd. 306 N.Y. 771, 118 N.E.2d 477).

The order of the Appellate Division should be modified by striking the further injunction against use of the photographs for uses of advertising and trade, and as so modified, the order should be affirmed.

JASEN, Judge (dissenting).

Since I believe that the interests of society and this State in protecting its children must be placed above any concern for trade or commercialism, I am compelled to dissent. The State has the right and indeed the obligation to afford extraordinary protection to minors.

At the outset, it should be made clear that this case does not involve the undoing of a written consent given by a mother to invade her infant daughter's privacy so as to affect prior benefits derived by a person relying on the validity of the consent pursuant to sections 50 and 51 of the Civil Rights Law. Rather, what is involved is the right of an infant, now 17 years of age, to disaffirm her mother's consent with respect to future use of a nude photograph taken of her at age 10.

The majority holds, as a matter of law, not only in this case but as to all present and future consents executed by parents on behalf of children pursuant to sections 50 and 51 of the Civil Rights Law, that once a parent consents to the invasion of privacy of a child, the child is forever bound by that consent and may never disaffirm the continued invasion of his or her privacy, even where the continued invasion of the child's privacy may cause the child enormous embarrassment, distress and humiliation.

I find this difficult to accept as a rational rule of law, particularly so when one considers that it has long been Ithe rule in this 1148 State that a minor enjoys an almost absolute right to disaffirm a contract entered into either by the minor or by the minor's parent on behalf of the minor (Sternlieb v. Normandie Nat. Securities Corp., 263 N.Y.

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245, 188 N.E. 726; Jose N.Y. 241, 181 N.E. 464; Book Co. v. Connelly, 20 722; Rice v. Butler, 16 275; Sparman v. Keim, v. Green, 69 N.Y. 553) question does not in ar this salutary right.

This right has been fact that the minor hel an adult (Sternlieb v. N rities Corp., supra) or attempted to contractu (Kaufman v. American Misc.2d 8, 174 N.Y.S.2d grounds 6 A.D.2d 223, mod. and certified qu negative 5 N.Y.2d 1016 158 N.E.2d 128). Signi not the minor can res tracting party to the prior to entering the c only to the extent that firming the contract, into a better position th entering the contract. mandie Nat. Securities Butler, supra.) In the noted that those who c do so at their own peril kin, supra, at p. 243.)

Understandably, such evolved as a result of 1 provide children with as possible against being or exploited by adults. scind is a legal right protection of the infan supra, at p. 556). This the legal concept that a of contracting because stand the scope of his r appreciate the consequ tions of his decisions. feared that as an infa under the complete infl may be unable to act in would allow him to de interests. (28 N.Y.Jur 221-222.) Allowing a disaffirm a contract is common law developed

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#### SHIELDS v. GROSS

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58 N.Y.2d 346

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245, 188 N.E. 726; Joseph v. Schatzkin, 259 N.Y. 241, 181 N.E. 464; International Text Book Co. v. Connelly, 206 N.Y. 188, 99 N.E. 722; Rice v. Butler, 160 N.Y. 578, 55 N.E. 275; Sparman v. Keim, 83 N.Y. 245; Green v. Green, 69 N.Y. 553) and the statute in question does not in any manner abrogate this salutary right.

This right has been upheld despite the fact that the minor held himself out to be an adult (Sternlieb v. Normandie Nat. Securities Corp., supra) or that a parent also attempted to contractually bind the minor (Kaufman v. American Youth Hostels, 13 Misc.2d 8, 174 N.Y.S.2d 580, mod. on other grounds 6 A.D.2d 223, 177 N.Y.S.2d 587, mod. and certified question answered in negative 5 N.Y.2d 1016, 185 N.Y.S.2d 268, 158 N.E.2d 128). Significantly, whether or not the minor can restore the other contracting party to the position he was in prior to entering the contract is pertinent only to the extent that the minor, by disaffirming the contract, cannot put himself Finto a better position than he was in before entering the contract. (Sternlieb v. Normandie Nat. Securities Corp., supra; Rice v. Butler, supra.) In the past, this court has noted that those who contract with minors do so at their own peril. (Joseph v. Schatzkin, supra, at p. 243.)

Understandably, such a broad right has evolved as a result of the State's policy to provide children with as much protection as possible against being taken advantage of or exploited by adults. "The right to rescind is a legal right established for the protection of the infant" (Green v. Green, supra, at p. 556). This right is founded in the legal concept that an infant is incapable of contracting because he does not understand the scope of his rights and he cannot appreciate the consequences and ramifications of his decisions. Furthermore, it is feared that as an infant he may well be under the complete influence of an adult or may be unable to act in any manner which would allow him to defend his rights and interests. (28 N.Y.Jur., Infants, § 3, pp. 221-222.) Allowing a minor the right to disaffirm a contract is merely one way the common law developed to Iresolve those in-

Can there be any question that the State has a compelling interest in protecting children? Indeed, the most priceless possessions we have in the Nation are our children. Recognizing this compelling interest in children, the State has assumed the role of parens patriae, undertaking with that role the responsibility of protecting children from their own inexperience. Acting in that capacity, the State has put the interests of minors above that of adults, organizations or businesses. (Rice v. Butler, supra; Kaufman v. American Youth Hostels, supra; Sternlieb v. Normandie Nat. Securities Corp., supra.) The broad right given a minor to disaffirm a contract is, of course, an obvious example of the State's attempt to afford an infant protection against exploitation by adults. (28 NY Jur, Infants, op. cit.) Thus, I am persuaded that, in this case, 17-year-old Brooke Shields should be afforded the right to disaffirm her mother's consent to use a photograph of her in the nude, taken when she was 10 years old, unless it can be said, as the majority holds, that the Legislature intended to abrogate that right when it enacted sections 50 and 51 of the Civil Rights Law.

The legislative history of this statute enacted in the early 1900's is understandably scarce. The case law prior to its passage, however, indicates that a minor's right to disaffirm a contract under the common law was well established at that time. Additionally, it is well accepted that this statute was enacted in response to this court's decision in Roberson v. Rochester Folding Box Co., 171 N.Y. 538, 64 N.E. 442; see, also, Arrington v. New York Times Co., 55 N.Y.2d 433, 439, 449 N.Y.S.2d 941, 434 N.E.2d 1319, in which the court held that a minor had no recourse against an entrepreneur who made commercial use out of her picture without her consent. Apparently, in order to alleviate litigation over whether or not consent had been given, the Legislature required that such consent be in writing and, if the person was a minor, that the

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parent sign the consent form. There is no indication that by requiring consent from the minor's parents, the Legislature intended in any way to abrogate that minor's right to disaffirm a contract at some future 1350 date. Indeed, the requirement of Iparental consent, like the broad right to disaffirm a contract, was granted in order to afford the minor as much protection against exploitation as possible. The assumption, of course, was that a parent would protect the child's interests. But if that assumption proves invalid, as may well be the case if a minor upon reaching the age of maturity realizes that the parent, too, has been exploiting him or her or had failed to adequately guard his or her interest by giving consent for pictures which caused humiliation, embarrassment and distress, then the child should be able to cure the problem by disaffirming the parent's consent. To say, as does the majority, that the mother could have limited her consent avoids the issue. If the parent has failed to put any restrictions on the consent, as occurred in this case, and has thus failed to protect the child's future interests, I see no reason why the child must continue to bear the burden imposed by her mother's bad judgment. This means the child is forever bound by its parent's decisions, even if those decisions turn out to have been exploitative of the child and detrimental to the child's best interests.

Furthermore, nothing compels the majority's conclusion that the right to disaffirm a contract was eliminated when the Legislature created a new cause of action for invasion of privacy merely because that statute provided safeguards for the child's privacy by giving the parent the right to grant or withhold consent. When both rights are

• The discussion in this opinion of the policy behind affording a child the extraordinary protection of the right to disaffirm a contract should not be read, as the majority does, to equate the right to disaffirm with the principle that a court will refuse to enforce contracts which violate public policy. Indeed, had the courts below found that her mother had contracted for her daughter to pose in an obscene manner or that the photographs were obscene or pornographic, then we would not need to decide the applicability of the infant's right to

viewed, as I believe they must be, as protection for the child, logic and policy compels the conclusion that the two rights should exist coextensively. The requirement that a parent consent before the child's privacy can be invaded by commercial interests establishes the parent as the first guardian of the child's interest. But the State retains its long-standing role of parens patriae so that if the parent fails to protect the child's interests, the State will intervene and do so. One means of doing so is to allow the child to exercise its right to disaffirm if the child concludes that its parent improvidently consented to the invasion of the child's privacy interests. Given the strong policy concern of the State in 1the child's best interests, I 1111 can only conclude that the Legislature did not intend to abrogate the child's commonlaw right to disaffirm a contract when it required, by statute, the additional protection of written, parental consent prior to any commercial use of the child's image.

This conclusion is further supported by other statutes in which the Legislature has clearly abrogated the infant's right to disaffirm a contract in those situations in which it has determined that the damage incurred by the minor will be minimal and the cost to the contracting party or society would be great. Invariably, these are contractual situations in which the minor has incurred a contractual obligation in order to receive a benefit which cannot be deemed anything other than a benefit. For example, section 281 of the Education Law negates a minor's right to disaffirm a contract when that contract afforded him a student loan to pursue an advanced education. (See, also, General Obligations Law, § 3-103.) No one can argue that the contract was any-

disaffirm that contract as I assume the majority would find the contract and the consent incorporated in it to violate public policy. (Penal Law, § 235.00 et seq.; People v. Ferber, 52 N.Y.2d 674, 439 N.Y.S.2d 863, 422 N.E.2d 523 [Jasen, J., dissenting], rev. — U.S. ——, 102 S.Ct. 3348, 73 L.Ed.2d 1113, on remand, 57 N.Y.2d 256, 455 N.Y.S.2d 582, 441 N.E.2d 1100.) A contract held to be unenforceable because it violates public policy is void ab initio and, thus, there is no need to consider whether or not it may be disaffirmed.

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thing other than benefic Such legislation was ende Revision Commission on thative finding "that the involved is clearly for thinfant". (1961 Report & Comm., pp. 269, 275, citi tracts Relating to the Ser Minors and the Treatmer ings Therefrom.)

Two factors distinguish of the Civil Rights Law fi ry provisions which do, ir abolish the minor's right t tract. The first is that the Legislature thas inter have made their intention language which directly fant's common-law right any reference in the Civil minor's right to disaffirn cially when it is clear disaffirm was well esta that the Legislature did n that right. Secondly, unl of contracts which the L ignated as immune from to disaffirm, it cannot b tract releasing all rights even limited rights to the essarily beneficial to th even more true when the case, are of the variety ploited in the future or u of questionable taste.

I do not believe that intent in enacting section Civil Rights Law was to ests of business and co the State's interest in dren. Since this statu response to this court's c. Rochester Folding Bodenied an infant plaintithe invasion of her privaenterprise in using her consent, it would seem that it is intent was to expections, rather than to commercial enterprises.

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il assume the majoriact and the consent te public policy. (Pe-People v. Ferber, 52 1 863, 422 N.E.2d 523 \_, 102 U.S. -1113, on remand, 57 .2d 582, 441 N.E.2d to be unenforceable policy is void ab initio d to consider whether

thing other than beneficial to the minor. Such legislation was endorsed by the Law Revision Commission on the basis of a legislative finding "that the type of contract involved is clearly for the benefit of the infant". (1961 Report of N.Y.Law Rev. Comm., pp. 269, 275, citing Touster, Contracts Relating to the Services of Talented Minors and the Treatment of Their Earnings Therefrom.)

Two factors distinguish sections 50 and 51 of the Civil Rights Law from those statutory provisions which do, in certain contexts, abolish the minor's right to disaffirm a contract. The first is that in all cases when the Legislature Ihas intended to do so, they have made their intention clear by specific language which directly refers to the infant's common-law right. The absence of any reference in the Civil Rights Law to the minor's right to disaffirm a contract, especially when it is clear that the right to disaffirm was well established, indicates that the Legislature did not intend to affect that right. Secondly, unlike the other kinds of contracts which the Legislature has designated as immune from the minor's right to disaffirm, it cannot be said that a contract releasing all rights to photographs or even limited rights to those pictures is necessarily beneficial to the infant. This is even more true when the pictures, as in this case, are of the variety which can be exploited in the future or used in publications of questionable taste.

I do not believe that the Legislature's intent in enacting sections 50 and 51 of the Civil Rights Law was to elevate the interests of business and commercialism above the State's interest in protecting its children. Since this statute was enacted in response to this court's decision in Roberson v. Rochester Folding Box Co. (supra), which denied an infant plaintiff any recovery for the invasion of her privacy by a commercial enterprise in using her picture without her consent, it would seem to me that the legislative intent was to expand individual protections, rather than to afford protection to commercial enterprises.

The fact that when an infant disaffirms a contract there may be harsh results to the person or commercial enterprise attempting to exploit the child has never caused the courts to alter the scope of the protection that right affords the child. The overriding interest of society in protecting its children has long been held to outweigh the interests of merchants who attempt to contract with children. (Sternlieb v. Normandie Nat. Securities Corp., supra, 263 N.Y. at p. 250, 188 N.E. 726.)

In those situations in which the Legislature has decided that business ventures need additional protection, it has done so not merely by abolishing the infant's right to disaffirm, but, rather, by providing alternative protection. Section 3-105 of the General Obligations Law provides for judicial approval of contracts for the services of child performers or professional athletes. It is clear that the 1statute protects not only 1263 the business interests which are investing in and profiting from the child's talents, but also the child. For instance, paragraph d of subdivision 2 generally restricts such contracts to a three-year period and paragraph e of subdivision 2 provides that even after approving a contract of a child performer, the court may, if it finds that the child's well-being is in any way being impaired by its performance under the contract, revoke or modify the contract so as to protect the child. Similarly, it provides for supervision by the court of the child's earnings to assure that the child will benefit from his labors. The clear intent of such provisions is to protect the child against any exploitation. The failure of the Legislature to cover child models in this provision indicates to a me that they intended child models to retain the protections afforded by the common-law right to disaffirm a contract. It is unfortunate that by virtue of the majority's interpretation of the Civil Rights Law those children may not in the future be afforded protection against exploitation by their own parents.

It is even more unfortunate that by its interpretation of sections 50 and 51 the majority takes away a large part of the

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protection those children had at common law.

COOKE, C.J., and JONES and WACHT-LER, JJ., concur with SIMONS, J.

JASEN, J., dissents in part and votes to affirm in a separate opinion in which FUCHSBERG and MEYER, JJ., concur.

Order modified, with costs to defendant, in accordance with the opinion herein and, as so modified, affirmed.



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PORT, WORKERS UNION OF AMERI-CA, AFL-CIO, Respondent,

المحارض المواردي

NEW YORK STATE PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS BOARD, Appellant,

and

Metropolitan Suburban Bus Authority, Intervenor-Appellant.

Court of Appeals of New York.

March 30, 1983.

Petition was filed seeking review of a determination of the Public Employment Relations Board that a union engaged in a strike during a certain time period in January 1980. The Supreme Court, Appellate Division, First Department, 89 A.D.2d 551, 453 N.Y.S.2d 17, annulled the determination. Appeal was taken. The Court of Appeals, Jones, J., held that the determination of the PERB that a strike occurred when bus drivers refused to drive buses which violated the requirements of the Vehicle and Traffic Law was supported by substantial evidence.

Judgment reversed.

#### 1. Labor Relations = 578

Conclusion of Public Employment Relations Board that union's invoking reference to provisions of Vehicle and Traffic Law in order to justify drivers refusing to drive buses which violated requirements of law was merely pretext for concerted refusal of drivers to operate buses was amply supported in record. McKinney's Civil Service Law § 209; McKinney's Vehicle and Traffic Law § 100 et seq.

#### 2. Labor Relations ⇔290

Where reliance on sudden concern for overly meticulous and abnormal observance of statutory commands is purely a subterfuge, incidental circumstance that continued performance of duties in normal manner might entail violation of statute does not legally preclude finding that there has been "strike." McKinney's Civil Service Law § 209.

#### 3. Labor Relations ⇔578

Public Employment Relations Board's finding that strike occurred when bus drivers refused to drive buses which violated requirements of Vehicle and Traffic Law was supported by substantial evidence, including evidence that union was responsible for job action, job action was timed to occur immediately following expiration of interim impasse arrangement and only violations posing no imminent danger to safety of public or drivers were involved in charge. McKinney's Civil Service Law § 209; McKinney's Vehicle and Traffic Law § 100 et seq.

IMartin L. Barr and Anthony Cagliostro, Issa Albany, for appellant.

Mary P. Bass and Lester G. Freundlich, New York City, for intervenor-appellant.

1Amy Gladstein and Walter M. Meginniss, 1ster Jr., Brooklyn, for respondent.

58 N.Y.2d 360 LOCAL 252, TRANS

OPINION OF THE COURT JONES, Judge.

The Public Employment Relations is not precluded from determining the certed refusal of bus drivers to putties in the normal manner for the pose of securing job-related demands tutes a strike in violation of the Tayloral though the normal manner of personance would entail violations of the transfer Law where citation to violations is only a pretext. In the stance the record contains substantial dence to sustain such determination by the board.

Local 252 of the Transport Worker ion of America, AFL-CIO, is the cerbargaining representative for a negot unit of some 640 public employees of Metropolitan Suburban Bus Auth Approximately 460 of these employees group which is the subject of the in illegal strike charge, are bus drivers in authority's surface transportation sy which serves areas in Nassau County.

The authority and the union were unto reach agreement on a contract for calendar year 1979, the prior agreement on December 31, 1978. The unit members were working der terms and conditions imposed by authority pursuant to the impasse produces of section 209 of the Civil Scrum. In November of 1979, the union the authority began negotiations for a legaining agreement to take effect in 1.

Sometime in November, the president the union instructed the bus drivers "safety classes" that they did not have operate buses which violated the requiments of the Vehicle and Traffic Law. told them that the union would back thup if they refused to drive buses with victions but that any bus which was in compance with provisions of law was to be dren.

At a negotiating meeting in December 1979, the union president warned the athority that there would be "big trouble" the parties did not agree on a contract

# EXHIBIT "G"

16 February 2007

Ms. Lana Winters VNY Model Management, LLC 928 Broadway, Suite 801 NewYork, NY 10010

Dear Lana:

You said, per your lawyer: I had to sign another contract because your name changed from V Model Management New York, Inc. to VNY Model Management, LLC and you changed the expiration date from 22 April 2007 to June 2008. Per my Lawyer: I have been without your signature on the contract dated 19 June 2006, expiration, June 2008, for the past 6 months. This was not lawful.

I sent the contract back to you in July 2006, signed with an addendum on it which included 3 hours of time per day, minimum to do homework; home time with prior notification; and this "Jordan Richardson, Inc. has the right to terminate any and all agreements w/VNY Model Mgt, LLC with 30 days prior notification."

I have made repeated attempts to get a copy of the signed 2<sup>nd</sup> contract (dated 19 June 2006 and expires June 2008). These attempts were made by me and my agent, My Mother, Rachelle Saunders, asking both you and your Business Manager, Nole'. I made the last attempt on 12 February 2007, when you told me I would have it by Friday, 16 February 2007. Since these attempts have been unsuccessful, the only valid contract I have with you is the 1<sup>st</sup> one dated 22 April 2005 which expires 22 April 2007.

Know then that at the 22 April 2007 contract expiration date, I will not renew Jordan Richardson's contract with your agency. Do not schedule any jobs for her beyond this date.

Lisa-Athena S. Abu Hantash
Parent

Copies Furnished:

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Your Lawyer, NA + Alita NA otaskin Esq. (not delivered by Fed &; Neighbors in

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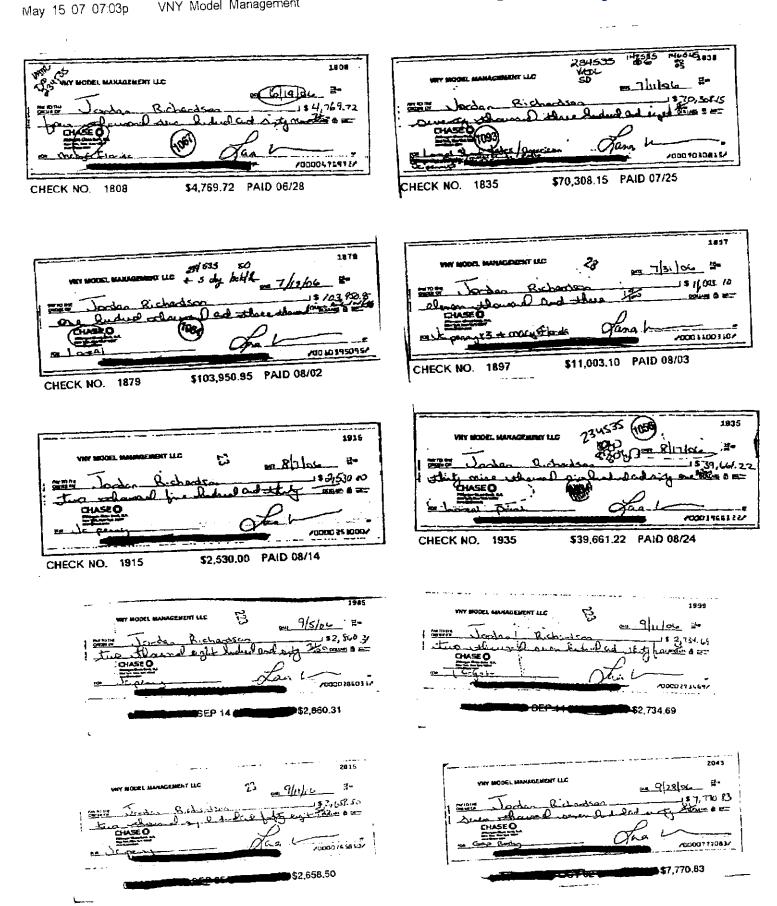
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Per Eldoro's Lawer.

EXHIBIT "H"

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# EXHIBIT "I"

## NISSENBAUM LAW GROUP, LLC

(FORMERLY NISSENBAUM & ASSOCIATES, LLC)

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> P. 908.686.8000 F. 908.686.8550



Please reply to:  $\underline{x}$  NJ  $\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}$  NY:

NEW YORK: 140 BROADWAY, 46<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10005 P. 212.871.5711 F. 212.871.5712

 Admitted in both New Jersey and New York

April 11, 2007

### VIA FACSIMILE AND REGULAR MAIL

Natalia Nastaskin, Esq. The Agency Group, Ltd. 1775 Broadway, Suite 515 New York, New York 10019

Re: V Model Management New York, Inc. ("VMM") with Jordan Richardson VNY Model Management ("VNY") with Jordan Richardson

Dear Ms. Nastaskin:

As you are already aware, my office represents Ms. Jordan Richardson, a minor, with regard to the above. Because these matters are more than likely to be headed towards litigation, I am now in charge of the file. Therefore, all future communications should be directed to my attention.

On March 21, 2007, you were advised by Christine Yearing, Esq. of my office that as of April 22, 2007 any and all agreements between Ms. Richardson and VMM were deemed terminated and that any proposed agreement between Ms. Richardson and/or Jordan Richardson, Inc. and VNY were deemed rejected. You were also informed that under no circumstances would Ms. Richardson participate in any modeling assignments or other work procured by VMM or VNY on her behalf. Despite the clear language of that letter, my client has informed me that Lana Winters has instructed her to appear for a modeling assignment on April 25. She will do no such thing. In fact, because your client is incapable of following simple instructions, she is no longer entitled

### NISSENBAUM LAW GROUP, LLC

Nastaskin Follow-Up Letter April 11, 2007 Page 2 of 3

to communicate with her at all. From now on, <u>all</u> communications regarding Ms. Richardson shall be served through my office.

Second, because your client is unwilling to part ways with Ms. Richardson amicably, my office is preparing a summons and complaint to be filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York to settle this matter. We anticipate filing our action by the end of next week. In that regard, please advise whether you are authorized to accept service on behalf of VMM, VNY and Lana Winters.

However, before I file my complaint, I would like to give you and your clients a final opportunity to take a long hard look at your chances of success in such an action and spare you the embarrassment of defending a lawsuit by alleging frivolous claims or defenses (thereby subjecting yourselves to an application pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. Pro. Rule 11). Specifically:

- 1. Jordan Richardson is a minor and will not reach majority age until next year. The law is quite clear that infants always have the common law right to disaffirm a contract barring certain exceptions (namely, where a court approves the contract). Since a court did not approve Ms. Richardson's contract with VMM, my client is allowed to disaffirm her agreement outright.
- 2. There is also the issue of an alleged second contract between VNY and Ms. Richardson and/or Jordan Richardson, Inc. That "new" contract which you deem to be in effect is unenforceable for the following reasons:
- a. First, Ms. Richardson's mother sent Ms. Winters correspondence on February 16, 2007 advising her that the second contract was rejected. Specifically, Ms. Hantash wrote the following:

"I have made repeated attempts to get a copy of the signed [second] contract (dated June 2006 and expires June 2008)... Since these attempts have been unsuccessful, the only valid contract I have with you is the [first] one dated 22 April 2005 which expires 22 April 2007.

Know then that at the 22 April 2007 contract expiration date, I will not renew Jordan Richardson's contract with your agency. Do not schedule any jobs for her beyond this date." (Emphasis supplied)

Your letter of February 27, 2007 with the signed signature page, while clever, does not in any way change the simple fact that this "new" contract was rejected. Certainly, no court would accept the argument that your respective communications simply crossed in the mails. Put another way, your letter cannot revive what was already rejected.

#### NISSENBAUM LAW GROUP, LLC

Nastaskin Follow-Up Letter April 11, 2007 Page 3 of 3

- b. Second, assuming for the moment you were creative enough to argue that the second contract became enforceable because you accepted it 11 days after my client rejected it, you will also notice that there is handwriting all over the agreement with changes, question marks and modifications made by Ms. Hantash. It is therefore no stretch of the imagination to conclude that the second agreement is unenforceable because there is no "meeting of the minds." In fact, subsequent correspondence by you to Ms. Hantash explaining the termination provision (a provision that Ms. Hantash wrote) is further evidence that VNY does not have an enforceable agreement.
- c. Finally, assuming you were able to overcome both arguments, ante, you will also notice that Ms. Richardson's signature is nowhere on the second contract. I would like to know under what theory you intend to bind a minor to a personal services contract which she did not sign.

Please review with your client this small sample of facts which are undeniably favorable to my client's position. I will expect a response from you no later than April 13 advising that your client is willing to:

- (a) Sign a general release in favor of Ms. Richardson, Ms. Hantash and Jordan Richardson, Inc.;
- (b) Coordinate with us the final matters that will need to be settled, including without limitation, (i) reconciliation of payments due to Ms. Richardson; and (ii) a return of Ms. Richardson's belongings including without limitation, her photo books currently in VNY's possession.
- (c) We will conduct a complete audit of your books and records as relates to revenue generated by Ms. Richardson. Any further discussion of our claims in that regard will abide the results of that audit.

Nothing contained in this letter is intended to, nor shall it, constitute a waiver or relinquishment of any of my client's rights, remedies or position, which are reserved without prejudice.

Sincerely,

NISSENBAUM LAW GROUP, LLC

Gavin I. Handwerker

EXHIBIT "J"

# NATALIA NASTASKIN

a/o The Agency Group, Ltd. 1775 Breadway Suite 515 New York, N.Y. 10019

> T: (212) 245-6556 F: (212) 581-0015 E: nnesq@uvot.net

February 27, 2007

#### VIA FEDERAL EXPRESS

Ms. Jordan Richardson 22354 Graystone Drive Carrollton, VA 23314

RE: Model Management Agreement

Jordan Richardson-w-VNY Model Management LLC ("Agreement")

Dear Ms. Richardson,

Further to your request, enclosed please find a copy of the signature page of the above-referenced Agreement. Please note, the Agreement is in full force and effect and may not be terminated, except in accordance with the terms thereof.

Nothing contained in this letter is intended to, nor shall it, constitute a waiver or relinquishment of any of my client's rights, remedies or positions, all of which are reserved.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Thank you.

Yours truly,

Natalia Nastaskin

cc: Lana Winters